1 2	CHAPTER 844. PROHIBITED CORONAVIRUS VACCINE MANDATES BY PRIVATE EMPLOYER
3 4 5 6 7	PROPOSED RULES TO BE PUBLISHED IN THE TEXAS REGISTER. THIS DOCUMENT WILL HAVE NO SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES BUT IS SUBJECT TO FORMATTING CHANGES AS REQUIRED BY THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.
8 9 10 11 12	The Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) proposes new Chapter 844, relating to Prohibited Coronavirus Vaccine Mandates by Private Employer, comprising the following subchapters:
13 14 15 16 17 18	Subchapter A. General Provisions, §844.01 and §844.02 Subchapter B. Complaints, §§844.25 - 844.30 Subchapter C. Determinations, §§844.50 - 844.55 Subchapter D. Administrative Hearings and Judicial Review, §§844.75 - 844.87844.92
19 20 21 22 23 24	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY The purpose of Chapter 844 is to establish rules as required by Senate Bill (SB) 7, 88th Texas Legislature, Third Special Session (2023), which added Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D, Prohibited Coronavirus Virus Vaccine Mandates by Private Employer.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	SB 7 prohibits employers from taking adverse actions against applicants, employees, or contractors based on a refusal to be vaccinated against COVID-19. If an adverse action was taken by an employer against an applicant, employee, or contractor, the applicant, employee, or contractor can file a complaint and TWC will investigate. An employer who is determined to have taken a prohibited adverse action is subject to an administrative penalty unless the employer takes reasonable efforts to make the complainant whole. SB 7 also allows TWC to recover the reasonable cost of investigation when it is determined that the employer took a prohibited adverse action.
34 35 36 37	Chapter 844 rules address the requirements for and methods of submitting a complaint. The chapter also establishes an appeal procedure to provide <u>parties</u> <u>employers</u> -notice and an opportunity to be heard at a meaningful time and in a meaningful manner.
38	PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS
39 40 41 42	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS TWC proposes new Subchapter A, General Provisions, as follows:
43 44	§844.01. Purpose New §844.01 defines the purpose of the Chapter 844 rules.
45 46	<u>§844.02. Definitions</u>

- New §844.02 defines "Adverse Action," "Agency," "Complainant," "Complaint Form,"
- 2 "Contractor," "COVID-19," "Day," "Department," "Employee," "Employer,"
- 3 "Governmental Entity," "Party," and "Person." The definition of Employee would include
- 4 an individual who seeks admission to or is employed under a medical residency program
- 5 in Texas.

SUBCHAPTER B. COMPLAINTS

TWC proposes new Subchapter B, Complaints, as follows:

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§844.25. Complaint Requirements

- New §844.25 establishes the requirements and method to file a complaint. Complaints
- must be filed online within 90 days of the adverse action and must provide the name of
- the complainant, name of the employer, and the nature and description of the adverse
- action. The complainant must also declare that the information provided in the complaint
- is true and correct.

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§844.26. Valid Complaints

- New §844.26 addresses issues concerning the validity of a complaint. These issues
- include that the adverse action must have occurred after the effective date of SB 7, that
- the employer is not a governmental entity, and that the complaint is not duplicative of a
- 21 prior complaint. All references to days in this chapter mean calendar days.

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§844.27. Jurisdiction

- New §844.27 defines when employers are subject to TWC's jurisdiction under this
- 25 Chapter as it relates the connection of the work, complainant, and employer to Texas.

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<u>§844.28. Dismissal</u>

- New §844.28 allows TWC to dismiss complaints that are incomplete or do not meet the
- requirements of §844.26. Dismissed complaints can be refiled by the complainant within
- 30 days of the dismissal.

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§844.29. Adverse Action

- New §844.29 provides context to the definition of adverse action by further addressing
- 34 the reasonable person standard. Examples of an adverse action include, but are not
- limited to, terminating an employee, terminating a contractual relationship, demoting an
- 36 employee, reducing pay or compensation, not hiring an employee, not offering a contract
- for a contract position, or a reduction in hours not related to a business need. When
- determining whether an employer's action was an adverse action, the Agency will
- consider the employer's good faith attempt to comply with a legal obligation as evidence
- 40 that the employer's action would not be considered by a reasonable person to be for the
- 41 purpose of punishing, alienating, or otherwise adversely affecting a complainant.

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§844.30. Investigation of Complaints in Health Care

- New §844.30 requires TWC to consult with the Texas Department of State Health
- 45 Services (DSHS) when a complaint against a health care facility, health care provider, or
- 46 physician concerns a policy that requires the use of protective medical equipment to

determine if the policy is reasonable. Section 844.30 also requires TWC and DSHS to enter an MOU to facilitate coordination.

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SUBCHAPTER C. DETERMINATIONS

TWC proposes new Subchapter C, Determinations, as follows:

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§844.50. Preliminary Determination Order, Determination on Remedial Action, and

Penalty and Cost Order

New §844.50 defines the procedures for issuing a determination after the investigation is complete. A preliminary determination order will be mailed to each party the employer informing them the employer whether TWC found a violation, which would require the imposition of an administrative penalty, and whether TWC will seek to recover investigative costs from the employer. SB 7 prescribes the administrative penalty amount of \$50,000 for each violation and did not provide TWC with discretionary authority to adjust the penalty amount. The preliminary determination order would inform the parties employer of appeal rights and the employer's ability to take remedial action to avoid the administrative penalty. If an employer completes remedial action and submits proof of remedial action within 30 days of a preliminary determination order or decision, TWC will issue a determination on remedial action, which is an appealable document. Once the determination or decision is final, a penalty and cost order will be issued instructing the employer to make payment to TWC. If an employer fails to make payment in accordance with the penalty and cost order, TWC will refer the amount to the Office of the Attorney General in accordance with Texas Government Code §2107.003 as well as reporting the

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§844.51. Remedial Action

provisions in Texas Government Code §403.055(f).

New §844.51 establishes how an employer may take remedial action, in accordance with Texas Health and Safety Code §81D.006, to avoid the imposition of an administrative penalty. The section also defines acceptable proof of a remedial action and the method for submitting proof of remedial action, which must be submitted within 30 days of a preliminary determination order.

indebtedness to the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under the warrant hold

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§844.52. Investigative Costs

New §844.52 addresses when TWC may seek to recover the reasonable costs of an 36 investigation.

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§844.53. Corrected Determinations

New §844.53 allows TWC to issue corrected determinations or decisions to correct an error including an incorrect employer address for a party.

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§844.54. Withdrawal of Complaint

New §844.54 allows a complainant to withdraw a complaint before the preliminary 43 determination order becomes final. 44

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§844.55. Appeal and Determination Finality

- 1 New §844.55 establishes that a party an employer can file an appeal to a determination
- 2 within 30 days of the mailing date of the determination by submitting a written appeal by
- mail, fax, or other method approved by TWC on the preliminary determination order.

- SUBCHAPTER D. ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND JUDICIAL REVIEW
- TWC proposes new Subchapter D, Administrative Hearings and Judicial Review, as follows:

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- §844.75. Administrative Hearings
- New §844.75 states that an administrative hearing will be conducted by the Agency's
- 11 Special Program Appeals department by electronic means.

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- 13 **§844.76. Parties**
- 14 Under new New §844.76, the parties to the hearing are the complainant, the employer and
- 15 TWC. While the complainant is not a party to the appeal, a complainant would be invited
- to the hearing as a witness because his or her testimony may be needed to decide whether
- 17 a violation occurred.

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- 19 §844.77. Hearing Scheduling and Notice
- New §844.77 prescribes the procedures for scheduling and issuing a hearing notice upon
- 21 the receipt of an appeal. The section states what information must be included in the
- 22 hearing notice.

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- §844.78. Representation
- New §844.78 allows parties to be represented by an attorney or other individual of their choice.

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- 28 **§844.79.** Ex Parte Communications
- New §844.79 prohibits ex parte communications without notice and an opportunity for all parties to participate.

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- §844.80. Hearing Procedures
- New §844.80 establishes hearing procedures for the administrative hearing including
- 34 general procedures and procedures for evidence, witnesses, exchange of exhibits, and
- 35 maintaining the hearing record.

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- §844.81. Postponement and Continuance
- New §844.81 addresses situations when the hearing can be postponed or continued.

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- 40 **§844.82. Default**
- New §844.82 describes the procedures when a party fails to appear for the hearing and
- for a non-appearing party to file a motion to set aside the default.

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- §844.83. Timeliness
- New §844.83 establishes the timeliness guidelines for this chapter including address
- changes, dating of appeal documents, and the evidence required to overcome the

presumption of receipt. 1 2 §844.84. Withdrawal of an Appeal 3 New §844.84 allows a party an employer to withdrawal an appeal before the hearing 4 officer's decision is final. 6 7 **§844.85. Decision** New §844.85 states that the hearing officer's decision must be issued in writing as soon as possible after the hearing closes; states the information that must be included in the decision; and states that the decision must be mailed to the parties or their 10 11 representatives. A decision can be reopened if the employer submits a notice to the hearing officer within 14 days of the mailing date of the decision that the employer 12 intends to take remedial action. The employer would then have 30 days to submit proof 13 of remedial action. 14 15 §844.86. Finality of Decision 16 17 New §844.86 states that the hearing officer's decision becomes final 14 days after the date the decision is mailed unless before that date the hearing officer reopens the 18 decision, a party files a timely appeal, or the commission decides to remove the case to 19 20 itself-before that date. 21 §844.87. Commission 22 New §844.87 sets forth the Commission's duties under this chapter, including which 23 member of the Commission shall serve as chair when the Commission acts under this 24 25 chapter. 26 27 §844.88. Removal of Order Pending Before a Hearing Officer New §844.88 allows the Commission to remove a pending hearing to itself. 28 29 §844.89. Commission Review of Hearing Officer Order 30 New §844.89 establishes that the Commission may affirm, modify, or set aside a penalty 31 order on the basis of previously submitted evidence or direct the taking of additional 32 33 evidence. 34 35 §844.90. Notice of Commission Action New §844.90 defines the issues to be addressed in a notice of Commission action and 36 requires the Commission to enter a written order for the payment of any penalty or 37 investigative costs the Commission has assessed. 38 39 §844.91. Finality of Commission Order 40 New §844.91 establishes that the Commission order is final 14 days after the date the 41 42 order is mailed unless the Commission reopens the appeal or a party the employer files a motion for rehearing, or there is a pending remedial action order. 43 44

§844.92<mark>87</mark>. Judicial Review

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New §844.9287 sets forth the method of seeking judicial review of the agency TWC's

final hearing officer's decision or order.

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PART III. IMPACT STATEMENTS

Chris Nelson, Chief Financial Officer, has determined that for each year of the first five 4 years the rules will be in effect, the following statements will apply: 5

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There are additional estimated costs to the state and to local governments expected as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

8 9 10

There are no estimated cost reductions to the state and to local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

11 12 13

There are estimated losses or increases in revenue to the state or to local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

14 15 16

There are no foreseeable implications relating to costs or revenue of the state or local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

17 18

19 There are no anticipated economic costs to individuals required to comply with the rules.

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21 There is are no anticipated adverse economic impact on small businesses, microbusinesses, or rural communities as a result of enforcing or administering the rules. 22

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Based on the analyses required by Texas Government Code, §2001.024, TWC has determined that the requirement to repeal or amend a rule, as required by Texas Government Code, §2001.0045, does not apply to this rulemaking.

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Takings Impact Assessment

Under Texas Government Code, §2007.002(5), "taking" means a governmental action 29 that affects private real property, in whole or in part or temporarily or permanently, in a 30 manner that requires the governmental entity to compensate the private real property 31 owner as provided by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the US Constitution or the 32 33 Texas Constitution, §17 or §19, Article I, or restricts or limits the owner's right to the property that would otherwise exist in the absence of the governmental action, and is the 34 producing cause of a reduction of at least 25 percent in the market value of the affected 35 private real property, determined by comparing the market value of the property as if the 36 governmental action is not in effect and the market value of the property determined as if 37 the governmental action is in effect. TWC completed a Takings Impact Assessment for 38 the proposed rulemaking action under Texas Government Code, §2007.043. The primary purpose of this proposed rulemaking action, as discussed elsewhere in this preamble, is to implement and interpret the provisions of Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D,

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- 41
- 42 Prohibited Coronavirus Virus Vaccine Mandates by Private Employer.

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The proposed rulemaking action will not create any additional burden on private real property or affect private real property in a manner that would require compensation to private real property owners under the US Constitution or the Texas Constitution. The

- 1 proposal also will not affect private real property in a manner that restricts or limits an
- 2 owner's right to the property that would otherwise exist in the absence of the
- 3 governmental action. Therefore, the proposed rulemaking will not cause a taking under
- 4 Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007.

- 6 Government Growth Impact Statement
- 7 TWC has determined that during the first five years the rules will be in effect, they:
- 8 --will create or eliminate a government program;
- 9 --will require the creation or elimination of employee positions;
- --will require an increase or decrease in future legislative appropriations to TWC;
- --will require an increase or decrease in fees paid to TWC;
- 12 --will create a new regulation;
- -- will not expand, limit, or eliminate an existing regulation;
- -- will change the number of individuals subject to the rules; and
- -- will not positively or adversely affect the state's economy.

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- 17 Economic Impact Statement and Regulatory Flexibility Analysis
- 18 TWC has determined that the rules will not have an adverse economic impact on small
- businesses or rural communities, as the proposed rules place no requirements on small
- 20 businesses or rural communities.

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- Mariana Vega, Director, Labor Market Information, has determined that there is not a
- 23 significant negative impact upon employment conditions in the state as a result of the
- 24 rules.

25

- 26 Chuck Ross, Director, Fraud Deterrence and Compliance Monitoring, has determined
- that for each year of the first five years the rules are in effect, the public benefit
- anticipated as a result of enforcing the proposed rules will be to ensure compliance with
- 29 new state law.

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- TWC hereby certifies that the proposal has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to
- 32 be within TWC's legal authority to adopt.

33 34

PART IV. COORDINATION ACTIVITIES

35 SB 7 requires consultation with the Department of State Health Services.

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- TWC will provide notice to employers and other stakeholders to increase awareness
- 38 during the public comment period.

39 40

PART V. PUBLIC COMMENTS

- 41 Comments on the proposed new rules may be submitted to
- 42 TWCPolicyComments@twc.texas.gov and must be received no later than August 26,
- 43 2024November 4, 2024.

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PART VI. STATUTORY AUTHORITY

The rules are proposed to implement Senate Bill 7, 88th Texas Legislature, Third Special

- Session (2023), which added Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D, Prohibited
- 2 Coronavirus Virus Vaccine Mandates by Private Employer.

- 4 The rules are proposed under:
- 5 -- Texas Health and Safety Code §81D.007, which provides TWC with the specific
- 6 authority to adopt rules as necessary to implement and enforce Texas Health and Safety
- 7 Code, Chapter 81D; and
- 8 -- Texas Labor Code §301.0015(a)(6), which provides TWC with the general authority to
- adopt, amend, or repeal such rules as it deems necessary for the effective administration
- of TWC services and activities.

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- The proposed rules relate to Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D.
- 13

1 2	CHAPTER 8	44. PROHIBITED CORONAVIRUS VACCINE MANDATES BY PRIVATE EMPLOYER
3		TRIVATE EVII LOTER
4 5	SUBCHAPTER A.	GENERAL PROVISIONS
6	§844.01. Pu	rpose.
7		
8 9		ose of this chapter is to implement and interpret the provisions of Texas and Safety Code, Chapter 81D, Prohibited Coronavirus Virus Vaccine
10	Mandates	s by Private Employer.
11	\$944.02 Det	Pinitions
12	§844.02. Def	initions.
13 14		wing words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the
15 16	-	g meanings, unless the statute or context in which the word or phrase is orly indicates otherwise.
17		
18	(1)	"Adverse Action" means an action taken by an employer that a
19		reasonable person would consider was for the purpose of punishing,
20		alienating, or otherwise adversely affecting an employee, contractor,
21		applicant for employment, or applicant for a contract position.
22		
23	(2)	"Agency" shall have the meaning established under §800.2 of this title.
24	(2)	
25	(3)	"Applicant for employment" means a person who has submitted a
26		formal application for an employment position for which the person
27		meets the minimum qualifications and who has a genuine interest in
28 29		the position.
30	(4)	"Applicant for a contract position" means a person who has submitted
31	(4)	a formal application or proposal for a contract position for which the
32		person meets the minimum qualifications and who has a genuine
33		interest in the contract position.
34		r
35	(5)	"Complainant" means an employee, contractor, applicant for
36	, ,	employment, or applicant for a contract position who files a complaint
37		against an employer alleging an Adverse Action by the employer
38		against the person in violation of Texas Health and Safety Code,
39		Chapter 81D.
40		
41	(6)	"Complaint Form" means the COVID-19 Vaccine Complaint Form
42		approved by the Agency.
43		
44	(7)	"Contractor" means a person who undertakes specific work for an
45		employer in exchange for a benefit without submitting to the control of
46		the employer over the manner, methods, or details of the work.

1 2	(8	8) "COVID-19" means the 2019 novel coronavirus disease and any variants of the disease.
3 4 5	(9	9) "Day" means calendar day.
5 6 7		10) "Department" means the Department of State Health Services.
8 9	("Employee" means an individual who is employed by an employer, whether or not for compensation. The term does not include:
10 11 12 13 14		(A) a person related to the employer or the employer's spouse within the first or second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Texas Government Code, Chapter 573; or
15		(B) a contractor.
16 17 18 19	(12) "Employer" means a person, other than a governmental entity, who employs one or more employees.
20 21 22 23 24	("Governmental Entity" means this state, an agency of this state, a local government entity, or a political subdivision of this state as defined in §821.4 of this title. This definition includes the definition of governmental entity as provided by Texas Health and Safety Code §81B.001(2).
252627	<u>(</u>	14) "Party" means the agency, a complainant or employer.
28 29 30 31	(-	"Person" includes corporation, organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, and any other legal entity.
32	SUBCHAPTER	R B. COMPLAINTS
33 34 35	§844.25.	Complaint Requirements.
36 37 38	` '	A complaint must be filed in writing by the complainant completing the Complaint Form.
39 40 41	t	A Complaint Form may only be submitted by online submission as identified hrough the Agency's website page related to COVID-19 mandate complaints or by other means authorized in writing by the Agency.
42 43 44 45		The complainant must provide the following information on the Complaint Form:
45 46	(1) the name of the complainant;

(h)

1		provide additional information to the Agency prior to the issuance of a
2		preliminary determination order, which the Agency will consider in addition
3		to evidence offered in the original complaint.
4	20112	
5	§ 844. 27	. Jurisdiction.
6	<i>(</i>) =	
7	<u>(a)</u>	The Agency may exercise jurisdiction over complaints under this chapter in
8		which:
9		()(1)
10		(a)(1) the work was performed or would have been performed in Texas; and:
11		(L)(2) the entral entral
12		(b)(2) the employer:
13		(1)(A) is a resident amplement on
14		(1)(A) is a resident employer; or
15		(2)(D) is a non-resident ampleyer nursuant to the Tayor Civil Drestice
16		(2)(B) is a non-resident employer pursuant to the Texas Civil Practice
17		& Remedies Code, Chapter 17, Subchapter C, also known as the
18		"Texas Long-Arm Statute," when the following are met:
19 20		(A)(i) the employer employs the complainant in Texas at the
20		time of the Adverse Action or the employer's contact with
22		Texas is continuing and systematic; and
23		Texas is continuing and systematic, and
24		(B)(ii) exercising jurisdiction is consistent with:
25		CACICISING Jurisdiction is consistent with.
26		(i)(I) fair play and justice as determined by the quality,
27		nature, and extent of the employer's activities in Texas
28		including the extent to which the employer avails itself
29		of the benefits and protections of Texas law; and
30		of the concins and protections of Tenas Iaw, and
31		(ii)(II) the relative convenience of the parties.
32		(<u>-1) </u>
33	(c) (l	The Agency shall not exercise jurisdiction over complaints based on work
34		performed or intended to be performed outside the United States.
35		1
36	§844.28	S. Dismissal.
37		
38	(a)	The Agency may dismiss a complaint that is incomplete or does not meet
39		the requirements of §844.26 of this subchapter.
40		
41	(b)	A dismissal under subsection (a) of this section becomes final unless a
42	, ,	complainant refiles the complaint within the period to file a complaint or
43		within 30 days of the mailing of the dismissal, whichever is later.
44		
45	§ 844.2 9	. Adverse Action.
46		

1 2 3	(a)	To support a finding of a violation under this chapter, the Adverse Action must cause a result that a reasonable person would regard as an objective and demonstrated harm to the complainant.
4 5 6 7 8 9	(b)	If an Adverse Action was taken, the Agency will consider the reason(s) provided by an employer when determining whether the Adverse Action was taken due to a refusal to be vaccinated against COVID-19 in violation of Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D.
10	§ 844.3 (0. Investigation of Complaints in Health Care.
11		
12	If a	complaint against a health care facility, health care provider, or physician
13 14		ges an Adverse Action that involved an employer policy that includes uiring the use of protective medical equipment, as described in Texas Health
15	-	Safety Code §81D.0035(b), the Agency will consult with the Department to
16		ermine whether the policy was reasonable.
17		
18	SUBCHAPT	ER C. Determinations
19		
20	§844.5 (0. Preliminary Determination Order, Determination on Remedial Action,
21	Ü	and Penalty and Cost Order.
22		
23	(a)	After an investigation, the Agency will mail a preliminary determination
24	(-)	order to each party the employer stating whether the Agency determined the
25		employer took an Adverse Action against the complainant for a refusal to be
26		vaccinated against COVID-19 in violation of Texas Health and Safety Code,
27		Chapter 81D.
28		1
29	(b)	If the Agency determines that a violation exists, but no remedial action has
30	()	occurred prior to the preliminary determination order being issued, the
31		preliminary determination will notify the <u>parties employer that</u> :
32		
33		(1) that a violation has occurred;
34		
35		(2) an administrative penalty will be imposed;
36		
37		(3) that the employer may remediate the violation;
38		
39		(4) the amount of reasonable investigative costs, if any, the Agency will
40 41		seek to recover from the employer; and
42		(5) the employer each party has the right to file an appeal.
43		(2) and ampropriate the man appears
44	(c)	If the Agency determines that a violation exists, and the employer has taken
45	(3)	remedial action prior to the preliminary determination order being issued, the
46		preliminary determination will notify the <u>partiesemployer</u> :
		J S E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

1 2	(h) A copy of the preliminary determination order will also be mailed to the
3	complainant.
4 5 6 7	(i) An administrative penalty under this chapter is not an award of damages to the complainant and no funds will be issued to the complainant by the Agency.
8	
9	§844.51. Remedial Action.
10	
11	(a) Under Texas Health and Safety Code §81D.006(a)(1) and (2), an
12	administrative penalty will not be assessed if prescribed remedial action is
13	taken in response to a complaint. The remedial action required to avoid a
14	penalty depends upon the specific facts that which resulted in a violation.
15	Depending upon the circumstances of the violation, remedial action may
16	require:
17	
18	(1) if the complainant applied for an employment or contract position with
19	the employer, and was not offered such position based upon his or her
20	refusal to be vaccinated against COVID-19, the employer must offer
21	the complainant the position applied for;
22	
23	(2) if the complainant is currently, or was recently, an employee or
24	contractor of the employer, the employer shall take the following
25	remedial steps as applicable to the violation. Not all steps may be
26	applicable to remedy the Adverse Action that which resulted in a
27	violation:
28	
29	(A) reinstatement of the employee or contractor;
30	
31	(B) providing the employee or contractor with back pay from the
32	date the employer took the Adverse Action; and/or
33	
34	(C) the employer must take every reasonable effort to reverse the
35	effects of the Adverse Action. Reasonable efforts include, bu
36	are not limited to, reestablishing employee benefits for which
37	the employee or contractor otherwise would have been
38	eligible if the Adverse Action had not been taken.
39	
40	(b) Acceptable proof of a remedial action may include an offer or hiring letter
41	on company letterhead, a signed new hire paperwork, a signed settlement
42	letter, or completion of an Agency form by the complainant attesting to the
43	remedial action.
44	(a) Due of of nomedial action shall be submitted action as identified the control of
45 46	(c) Proof of remedial action shall be submitted online as identified through the Agency's website page related to COVID-19 mandate complaints, by other

1 2		means authorized in writing by the Agency, or to the assigned hearing officer in accordance with §844.85(e) of this chapter.
3 4	§844.52	. Investigative Costs.
5 6 7 8 9	(a)	If the Agency determines that the employer violated this chapter, the Agency may recover from the employer reasonable investigative costs incurred in conducting the investigation into whether the employer violated Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D, regardless of whether the employer took remedial action.
11 12 13 14	(b)	The Agency may not recover from the employer investigative costs incurred in conducting an investigation into whether the employer took remedial action.
15 16 17	(c)	The preliminary determination order will inform the employer of the investigative costs calculated by the Agency.
18 19 20 21	(d)	The investigative costs may, at the discretion of the Agency, be included in the amount owed in the penalty and cost order even if the employer took remedial action.
22 23	§844.53	. Corrected Determinations and Decisions.
2425262728	(a)	If Agency staff discover a clerical error of a non-substantive nature in connection with a determination or decision issued under this chapter, within the applicable appeal period, the Agency may reconsider and reissue the determination unless an appeal has already been filed.
29 30 31 32 33	(b)	A reissued determination voids and replaces the determination or decision issued under this chapter requiring correction and becomes final unless an appeal is filed from the determination within 30 days of the date the reissued determination is mailed.
34 35 36 37 38	(c)	Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, if a determination or decision issued under this chapter is mailed to <u>a party's an employer's incorrect</u> address, the Agency may reissue the determination to <u>the party's the employer's correct</u> address at any time.
39 40	§ 844. 54	. Withdrawal of Complaint.
41 42 43	(a)	A complainant may withdraw a complaint at any time before the date the preliminary determination order becomes final.
44 45 46	(b)	A complainant withdrawing a complaint shall submit a form as prescribed by the Agency.

§844.78. Representation.

Parties have the right to be represented by an attorney or other individual of their choice in accordance with §815.18(3) of this title.

§844.79. Ex Parte Communications.

(a) Except as provided in this chapter, and unless required for the disposition of ex parte matters authorized by law, the hearing officer may not communicate, directly or indirectly, in connection with any issue of fact or law with a party, representative of a party, witness, or individual providing testimony except on notice and opportunity for each party to participate.

(b) The hearing officer may communicate concerning the case with an Agency employee who has not participated in the hearing but may do so only for the purpose of using the special skills or knowledge of the Agency and its staff in evaluating the evidence.

§844.80. Hearing Procedures.

(a) General Procedure. The hearing shall be conducted informally and, in such manner, as to ascertain the substantive rights of the parties. The hearing officer shall develop the evidence. All issues relevant to the appeal shall be considered and addressed.

(1) Presentation of Evidence. The parties may present evidence that is material and relevant, as determined by the hearing officer. In conducting a hearing, the hearing officer shall actively develop the record on the relevant circumstances and facts to resolve all issues. To be considered as evidence in a decision, any document or physical evidence must be entered as an exhibit at the hearing. A party has the right to object to evidence offered at the hearing by the hearing officer or other parties.

 (2) Evidence Generally. Evidence, including hearsay evidence, shall be admitted if it is relevant and if in the judgment of the hearing officer it is the kind of evidence on which reasonably prudent persons are accustomed to relying on in conducting their affairs. However, the hearing officer may exclude evidence if its probative value is outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, by confusion of the issues, or by reasonable concern for undue delay, waste of time, or needless presentation of cumulative evidence.

(3) Examination of Witnesses and Parties. The hearing officer shall examine parties and any witnesses under oath and shall allow cross-examination to the extent the hearing officer deems necessary to afford the parties due process.

- (4) Additional Evidence. The hearing officer, with or without notice to any of the parties, may take additional evidence deemed necessary, provided that a party shall be given an opportunity to rebut the evidence if it is to be used against the party's interest.
- (5) Appropriate Hearing Behavior. All parties shall conduct themselves in an appropriate manner. The hearing officer may expel any individual, including a party, who fails to correct behavior the hearing officer identifies as disruptive. After an expulsion, the hearing officer may proceed with the hearing and render a decision.
- (b) Records.
 - (1) The hearing record shall include the audio recording of the proceeding and any other relevant evidence relied on by the hearing officer, including documents and other physical evidence entered as exhibits.
 - (2) The hearing record shall be maintained in accordance with federal or state law.
 - (3) Confidentiality of information contained in the hearing record shall be maintained in accordance with federal and state law.
 - (4) Upon request, a party has the right to obtain one copy of the hearing record, including recordings of the hearing and file documents at no charge.

§844.81. Postponement and Continuance.

- (a) On the hearing officer's own motion, or for good cause, at a party's request, the hearing officer may postpone or continue a hearing.
- (b) Requests for a continuance or postponement may be made informally by a party, either orally or in writing, to the hearing officer.
- (c) The hearing officer shall use his or her best judgement to determine when to grant a continuance or postponement of a hearing to secure all necessary evidence and to be fair to the parties.
- (d) The notice of the hearing must indicate the times and places at which the hearing may be continued unless waived by the parties.

§844.82. Default.

If a party to whom a notice of hearing provided under this chapter fails to appear

for a hearing, the hearing officer may proceed in that party's absence on a default basis. If a final decision is issued, the factual allegations listed in the notice of hearing may be deemed admitted. If a party fails to appear at a hearing, the hearing officer will issue a notice of default to that party. A party may file a motion no later than 14 days after the notice of default is mailed to set aside a default announced at the hearing and to reopen the record. If a timely motion to set aside a default is filed, the hearing officer may grant the motion, set aside the default, and reopen the hearing for good cause shown, or in the interests of justice. The hearing officer may issue a decision denying the motion to set aside a default without a hearing if the motion fails to allege a reason for the party's failure to appear or if a party has failed to appear at three or more scheduled hearings.

§844.83. Timeliness.

- (a) Parties shall promptly notify, in writing or during the recorded hearing, the Agency of any change of mailing address. Determinations and decisions shall be mailed to the new address.
 - (1) If a party properly designates a party representative, a determination or decision must be mailed to the designated party representative for it to become final.
 - (2) The Agency is responsible for making an address change only if the Agency is specifically directed by the party to mail subsequent correspondence to the new address.
 - (3) If the Agency addresses a document incorrectly, but the party receives the document, the time frame for filing an appeal shall begin as of the actual date of receipt by the party, whether or not the party receives the document within the appeal time frame. However, this does not apply if the party fails to provide a current address or provides an incorrect address.
- (b) A determination or decision mailed to a party shall be presumed to have been delivered if the document was mailed as specified in subsection (a) of this section.
 - (1) A determination or decision shall not be presumed to have been delivered:
 - (A) if there is tangible evidence of nondelivery, such as being returned to the sender by the US Postal Service; or
 - (B) if credible and persuasive evidence is submitted to establish nondelivery or delayed delivery to the proper address.

- (1) how the party was misled; or
- (2) what misleading information the party was given, and, if possible, by whom the party was misled.
- (f) Appeal and complaint deadlines are extended one working day following a deadline which falls on a weekend, an official state holiday, a state holiday for which minimal staffing is required or a federal holiday.
- (g) There is no good cause exception to the timeliness rules.

§844.84. Withdrawal of an Appeal.

<u>A party An employer</u> may request a withdrawal of its appeal at any time before the hearing officer's decision is issued. The hearing officer may grant the request for withdrawal in writing and issue an order of dismissal.

§844.85. Decision.

- (a) The hearing officer shall issue a written decision as soon as possible after the hearing is finally closed.
- (b) The Agency shall notify each party to a contested case of any decision of the hearing officer by mailing the decision to the parties or the parties designated representative if requested.
- (c) The decision shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law separately stated and a list of the individuals who appeared at the hearing. Findings of fact, if set forth in statutory language, shall be accompanied by a concise and explicit statement of the underlying facts supporting the findings. Findings of fact shall be based exclusively on the evidence and on matters officially noticed and any issues the parties waived notice of. The hearing officer shall rule on any contested determinations issued as a result of the complaint.
- (d) If the decision rules that the employer violated Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81D or this chapter and if no remediation determination has been issued prior to the hearing, the hearing officer's decision shall indicate the amount of the administrative penalty, any applicable investigative costs, and inform the employer of the ability to avoid the administrative penalty by taking remedial action and submitting proof thereof.
- (e) If no decision has ruled on remedial action and the employer intends to take remedial action in response to a decision issued under subsection (d) of this section, the employer must notify the hearing officer of their intent to remedy

file no	thin 14 days of the decision being issued. Notice of intent to remedy must be ed in accordance with the instructions provided in the decision. Upon tification, the hearing officer's decision will be reopened for 30 days for the aployer to provide proof of remedial action to the hearing officer.
evi	the hearing officer may hold an additional hearing to consider additional idence of remediation. After consideration of any evidence of proof of mediation, the hearing officer shall issue a combined decision addressing all ues in front of the hearing officer resulting from the complaint.
§ 844. 8	86. Finality of Decision.
de a p	the decision of the hearing officer becomes final 14 days after the date the cision is mailed unless before that date the hearing officer reopens the decision, party files a timely appeal to the Commission, or the Commission by order moves to itself the proceedings pending before the hearing officer.
<u>§844.8</u>	87. Commission.
un	der this chapter. The member of the Commission who represents the public all serve as chair when the Commission acts under this chapter.
<u>§844.8</u>	88. Removal of Order Pending Before a Hearing Officer.
<u>(a)</u>	The Commission by order may remove to itself the proceedings pending before a hearing officer.
<u>(b)</u>	The Commission promptly shall mail to the parties to the proceedings a notice of the order under subsection (a) of this section.
<u>(c)</u>	A quorum of the Commission shall hear a proceeding removed to the Commission under subsection (a) of this section.
<u>§844.8</u>	39. Commission Review of Hearing Officer Order.
<u>(a)</u>	The Commission may, on its own motion:
	(1) affirm, modify, or set aside a decision issued under §844.85 of this subchapter on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in the case; or
	(2) direct the taking of additional evidence.

	The Commission shall mail to each newty notice of
<u>(</u>	a) The Commission shall mail to each party notice of:
	(1) the Commission's decision;
	(2) the violation;
	(3) the amount of any penalty assessed;
	(4) if applicable, the amount of any investigative costs; and
	(5) the parties' right to file a motion for rehearing.
(b) The notice shall be mailed to the party's last known address, as shown by the Agency's records.
<u>((</u>	c) The Commission shall enter a written penalty order for the payment of any penalty or investigative costs the Commission has assessed.
8844	.91. Finality of Commission Order.
8044	.51. Phianty of Commission Order.
A	an order of the Commission becomes final 14 days after the date the order is
	nailed unless before that date:
	(1) the Commission by order reopens the appeal; or
	(2) a party files a written motion for rehearing.
	(3) the employer submits or has submitted proof of remedial action unde
	Subchapter D of this chapter and a remedial action order has not yet
	become final.
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	11101CI31 REVIEW
3044	.92 <mark>87</mark> . Judicial Review.
	(a) If a final decision <u>or order</u> imposes an administrative penalty or the
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the <u>party</u> <u>employer</u> has exhausted the party's remedies as provided by this <u>subchapter</u> subtitle.